



LDX3 LONDON · JUNE 2026

**Your problem isn't the  
monolith.**  
**It's the data.**





**Six years of monolith. Eighteen months of microservices.**


**Architecture endures when teams align on data lifecycles, not just APIs.**

Rot doesn't start at the deployment boundary  
It starts at the schema 🧑🏻‍🔬 **Raise your hand if **none** of these are true in your ecosystem.**

 **01**

**Writes to any table are allowed.**

*No persistence-layer gatekeeper.*

 **02**


**Cross-domain joins in hot paths.**

*Read paths span domains.*

 **03**

**Retention rules vary across teams.**

*Per-team, per-table policies.*

 **04**

**Shared database. Different vocabularies.**

*One schema, multiple consuming teams.*

**Penultimate Markets, 2022. One deployment. 120 engineers. 8 markets.**

**MONOLITH**

Identity &  
Accounts

Catalog

Orders

Payments

Tax

Search

Fulfillment

Pricing &  
Promotions

SYSTEM SCALE

**1M**

orders/day

**25M**

SKUs

ONE DEPLOYMENT

# Aggregates own their invariants.



COMMANDS ENTER HERE



**ORDER**

**OrderLine**

**Shipping  
Address**

**Money**

**CustomerId**

REFERENCED BY ID

**ProductId**

REFERENCED BY ID

OWNED BY ORDER. PROTECTED BY THE BOUNDARY.

— AGGREGATE ROOT —

# What this looks like in practice

*Somewhere in the tax codebase...*

## ⊗ ASKING

```
var order = orderRepo.findById(id);
if (order.state() ≠ DRAFT)
    throw new IllegalStateException();

var subtotal = order.lines().stream()
    .map(l → l.price().multiply(l.qty()))
    .reduce(ZERO, BigDecimal::add);

order.lines().forEach(l → {
    var rate = rateFor(order.address());
    l.setTaxRate(rate);
    l.setTaxAmount(l.price().multiply(rate));
});

order.setSubtotal(subtotal);
order.setState(TAXED);
orderRepo.save(order);
```

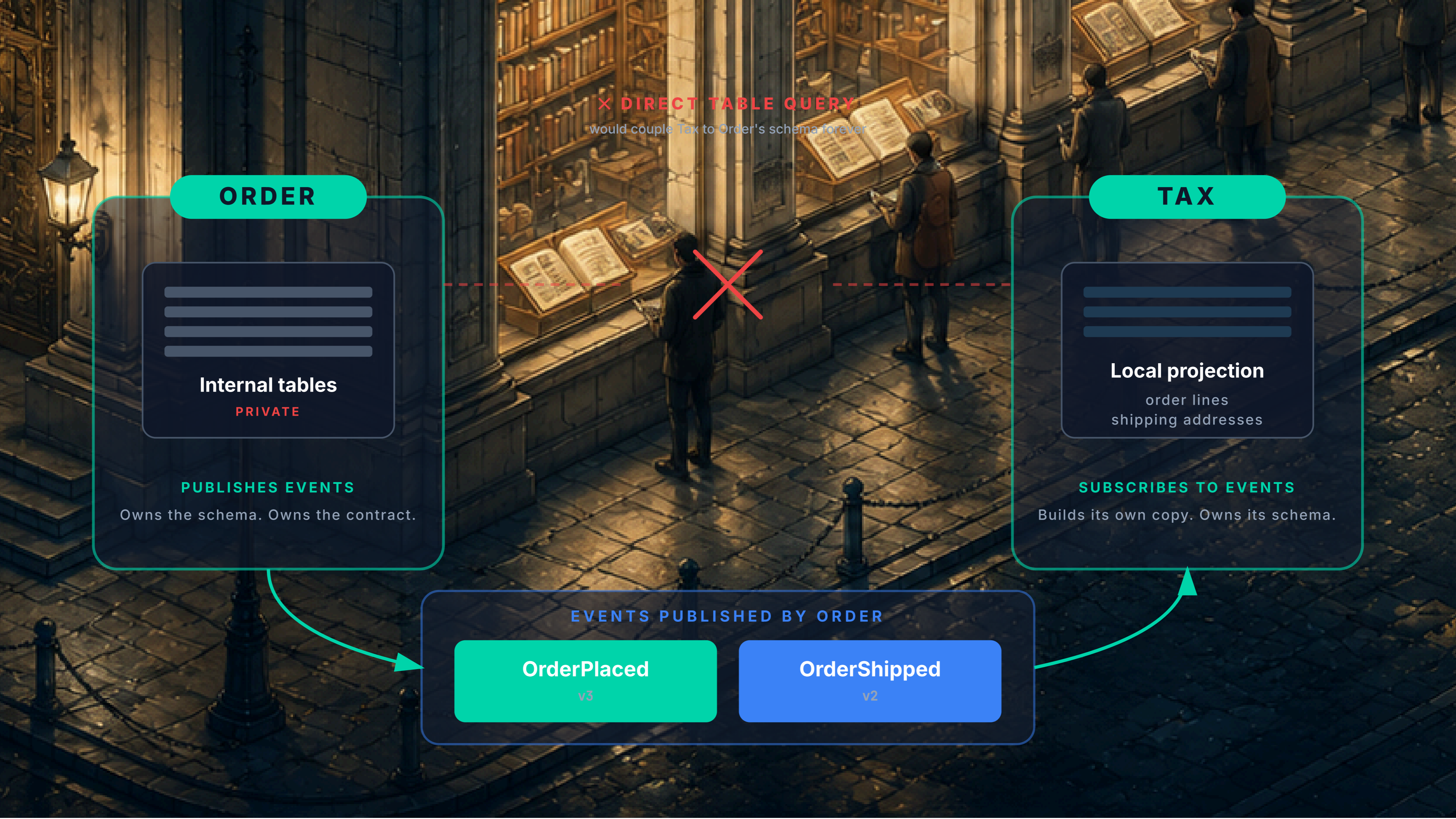
## ✓ TELLING

```
orderService.applyTaxes(
    orderId, taxBreakdown);
```

**Tell, don't ask.**

**Other teams consume contracts, not tables.**





**× DIRECT TABLE QUERY**  
would couple Tax to Order's schema forever

## ORDER

**Internal tables**

PRIVATE

**PUBLISHES EVENTS**

Owns the schema. Owns the contract.

## TAX

**Local projection**

order lines  
shipping addresses

**SUBSCRIBES TO EVENTS**

Builds its own copy. Owns its schema.

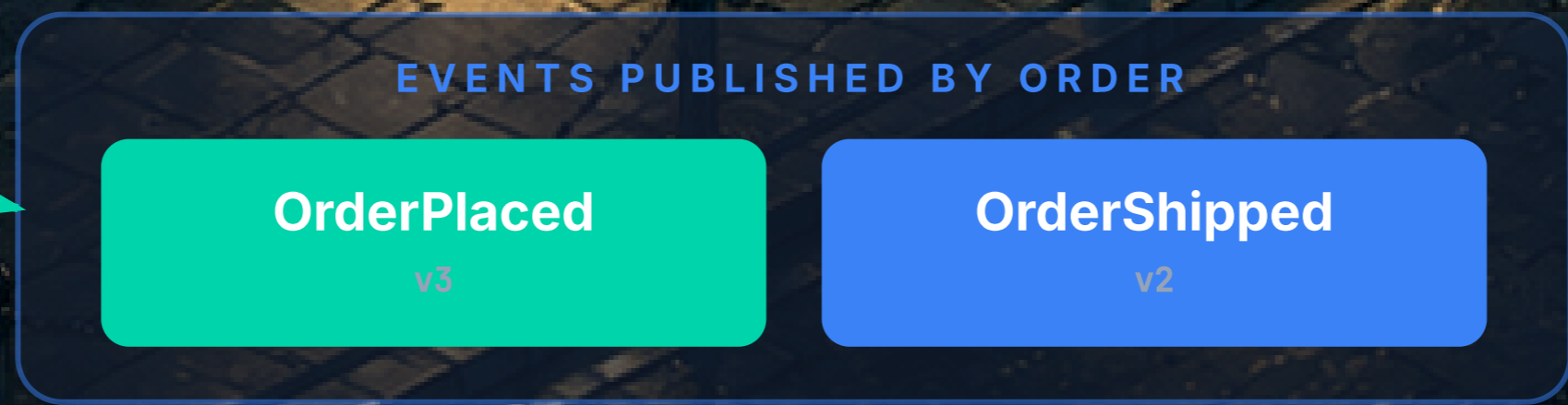
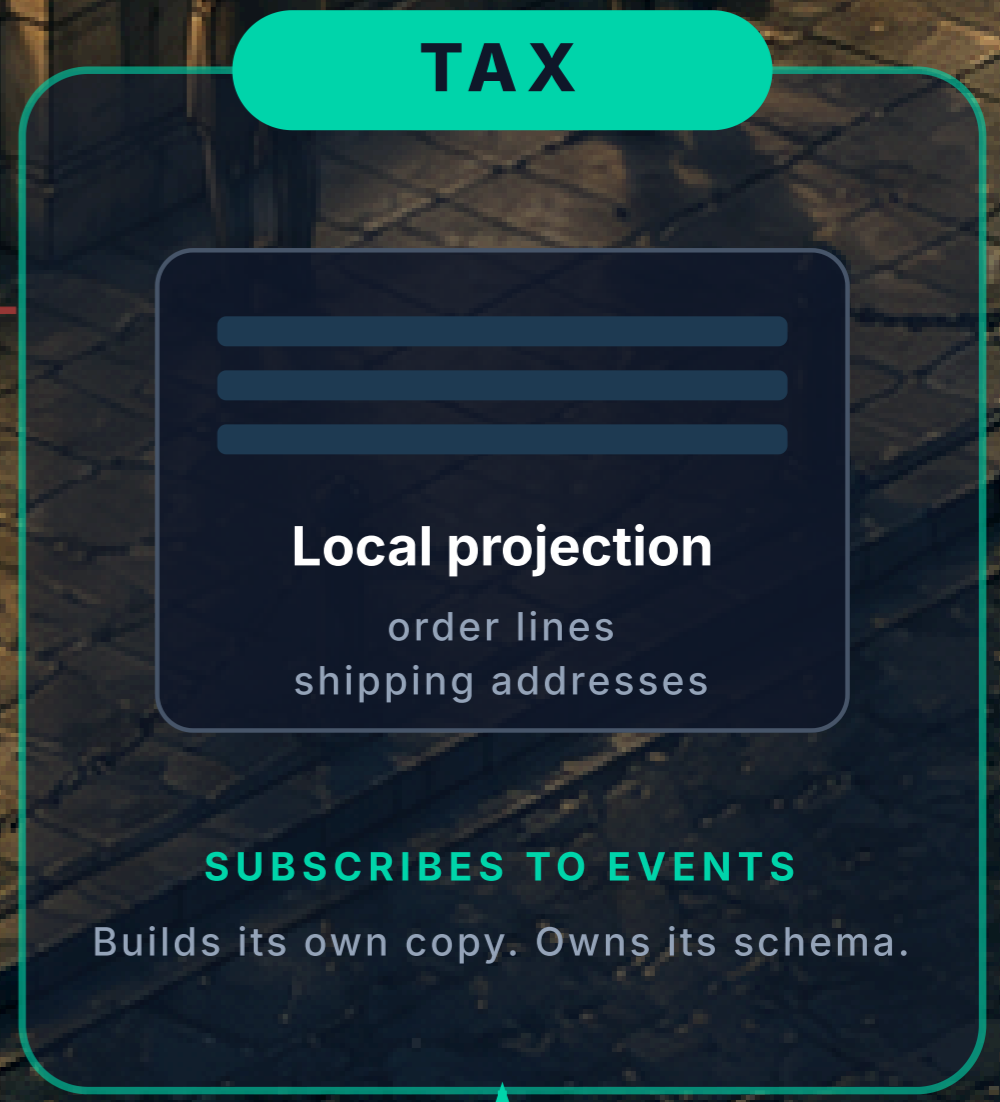
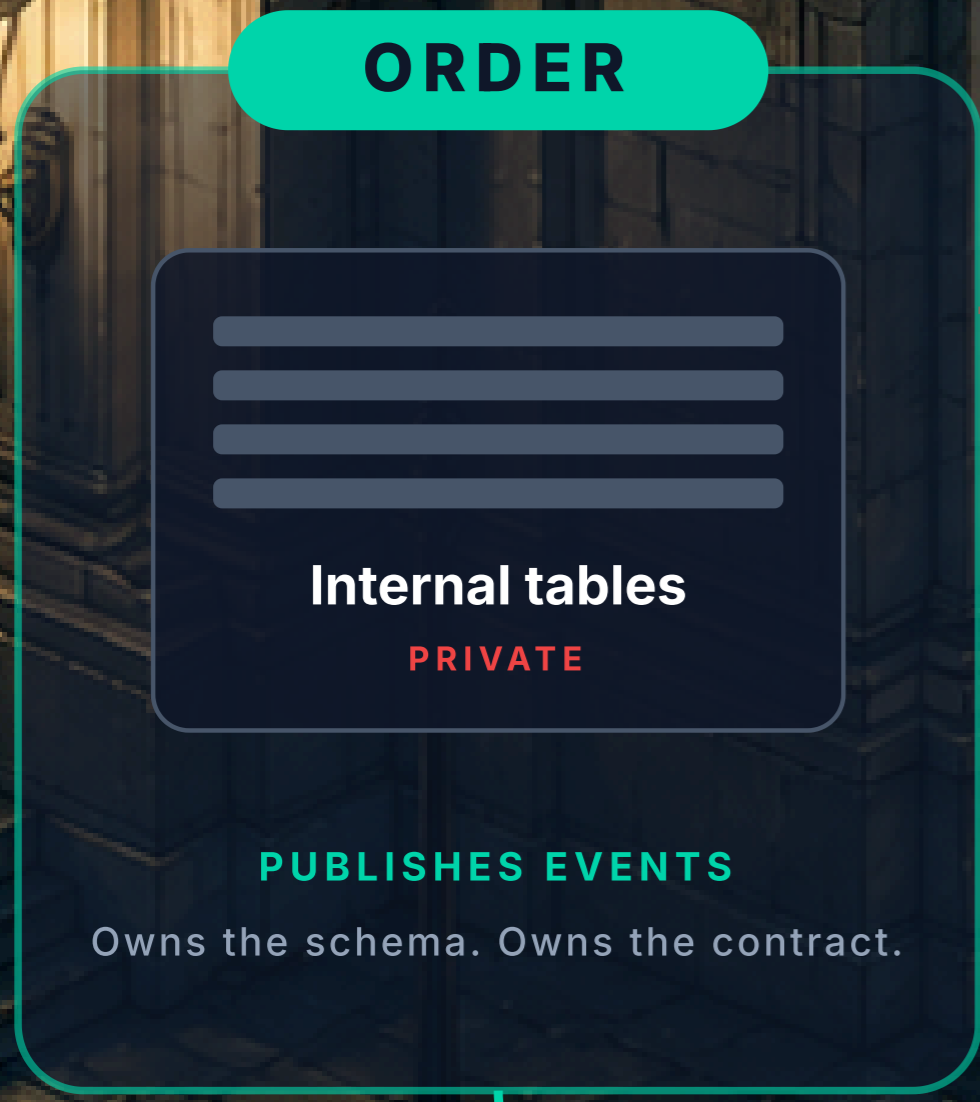
EVENTS PUBLISHED BY ORDER

**OrderPlaced**

v3

**OrderShipped**

v2



# The contract is the boundary.

## INTERNAL · ORDER'S PRIVATE TABLES

```

-- private to orders-team
CREATE TABLE orders (
  order_id      UUID      PRIMARY KEY,
  customer_id   UUID      NOT NULL,
  state         order_state NOT NULL,
  placed_at     TIMESTAMPTZ NOT NULL,
  currency      CHAR(3)   NOT NULL,
  total_minor   BIGINT    NOT NULL,
  fraud_score   SMALLINT,      -- internal
  channel       TEXT,
  channel_meta  JSONB,        -- internal
  fulfillment_id UUID,
  ml_segment    TEXT,        -- internal
  updated_at    TIMESTAMPTZ NOT NULL
);
CREATE TABLE order_lines      ( ... );
CREATE TABLE order_status_log ( ... );
CREATE INDEX ON orders (customer_id, placed_at DESC);

```

## PUBLIC · ORDERPLACED EVENT

```

syntax = "proto3";
package penultimate.orders.events.v3;

// Owner: orders-team
// Compatibility: BACKWARD (Buf in CI)
message OrderPlaced {
  reserved 9, 10; // removed: discount_code, promo_id

  string      order_id      = 1;
  string      customer_id   = 2;
  int64       placed_at_ms  = 3;
  string      currency      = 4;
  Address     shipping      = 5;
  repeated OrderLine lines  = 6;
  Money       total_amount  = 7;
  Source      source        = 8;
  optional string idempotency_key = 11;
}
// internal-only fields excluded:
//   fraud_score, channel_meta, ml_segment

```



## Fitness functions for data boundaries.

```
@AnalyzeClasses(packages = "com.penultimate")
public class DataBoundaryFitnessFunctions {

    @ArchTest
    static final ArchRule no_cross_domain_persistence_access =
        noClasses().that().resideInAPackage("..tax..")
            .should().accessClassesThat()
            .resideInAPackage("..orders.persistence..")
            .because("Tax reads OrderPlaced events. Tax does not query Order's tables.");

    @ArchTest
    static final ArchRule writes_only_via_aggregate_root =
        noClasses().that().resideOutsideOfPackage("..orders.domain..")
            .should().callMethod(OrderRepository.class, "save", Order.class)
            .because("Order's invariants live in Order. No exceptions.");

    @ArchTest
    static final ArchRule events_versioned_and_immutable =
        classes().that().areAnnotatedWith(DomainEvent.class)
            .should().haveSimpleNameEndingWith("V1")
            .orShould().haveSimpleNameEndingWith("V2")
            .andShould().haveOnlyFinalFields();
}
```

Three rules. One CI build. Architecture, as code.

## Other fitness functions you'll add

### 1 Schema migration linter

*Expand / contract enforcement.*

### 2 Contract stability test

*Pact, schema-registry compatibility.*

### 3 Cross-aggregate join detector

*SQL log analysis or query plan inspection.*

### 4 Event schema validation

*In CI, against registry.*

### 5 Lifecycle / retention assertions

*Per-table TTL declared, enforced.*



YOUR NEXT ONE



HIGH TIDE

MID TIDE

LOW TIDE

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**04 · SAFE MIGRATIONS**

# Migrations expand. Then contract.

Every step is reversible. None of them is a flag day.

## 01 EXPAND

Add the new column nullable. Dual-write from the app.

↳ Drop the column. Old reads were never touched.

## 02 BACKFILL

→ Populate new column from old. Idempotent, restartable.

↳ Re-run. Or pause and resume; the script is a fact, not a flag.

## 03 SWITCH READS

Reads move to the new column behind a feature flag.

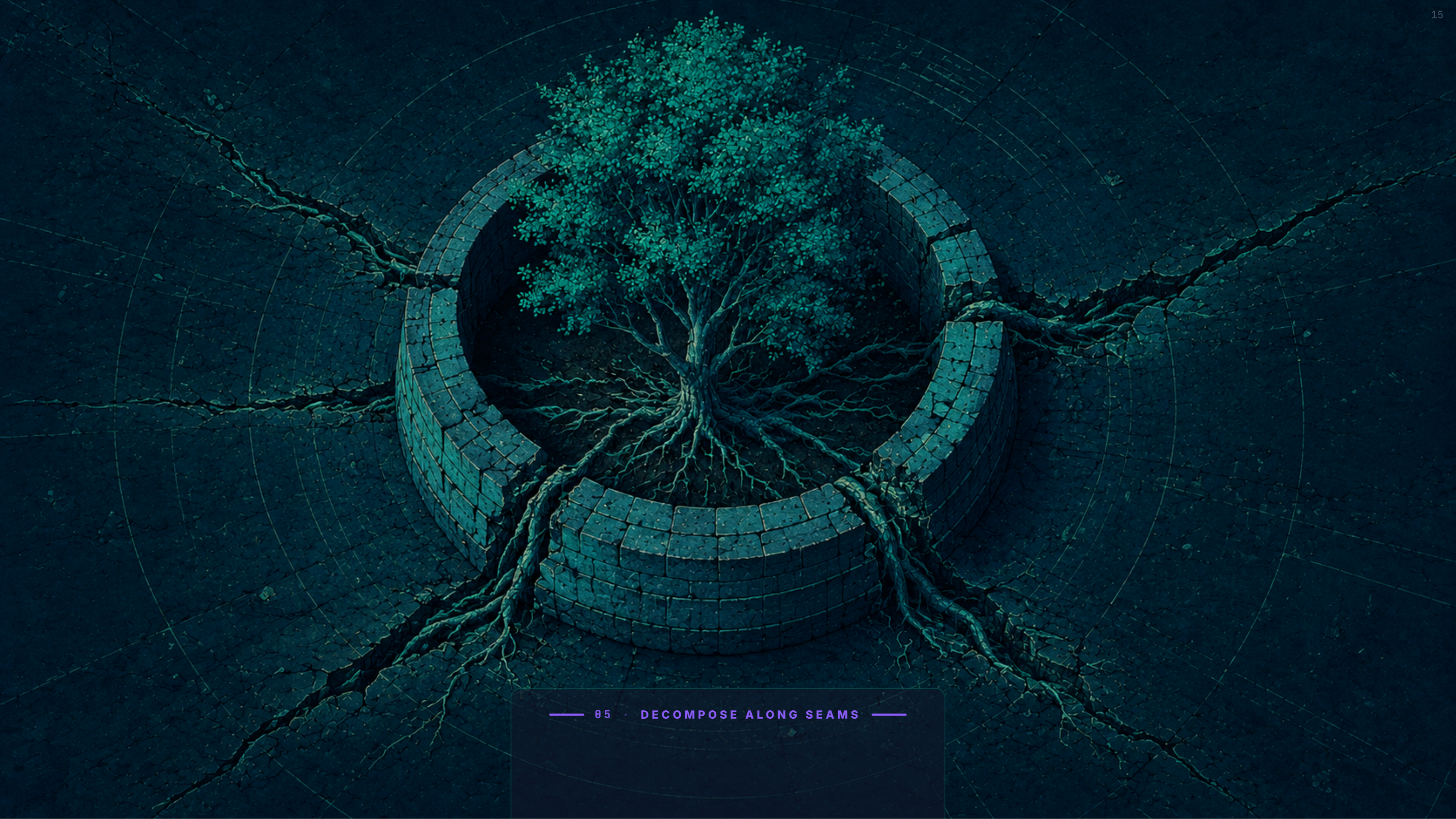
↳ Flip the flag back. Both columns still hold the truth.

## 04 CONTRACT

→ Stop writing the old column. Drop it in a later deploy.

↳ Only safe once no reader has touched old for a full retention window.

**Enforced in CI: an Expand without its Contract is a failed build.**



— 05 · DECOMPOSE ALONG SEAMS —

# The pressure was not traffic. It was lifecycle.

Three teams. Three incidents. Three different shapes of pressure.

## Search

Y5 Q1 · PUBLISH HIT 800 MS

CONSISTENCY ●●●●● *eventual*

LATENCY ●●●●● *tight*

RETENTION ●●●●● *short*

ISOLATION ●●●●● *regional*

→ **Cache at the edge.**

## Tax

Y5 Q3 · RETENTION DRIFT

●●●●● *strong*

●●●●● *relaxed*

●●●●● *7 years*

●●●●● *regulated*

→ **Append-only ledger.**

## Payments

Y6 Q1 · CASCADE OUTAGE

●●●●● *strong*

●●●●● *tight*

●●●●● *medium*

●●●●● *bulkheaded*

→ **Bulkhead for blast radius.**

## Three shapes of cut.

Same colors. Same domains. Same teams. Different boundaries.

YEAR 4 8 domains, 1 deployment → YEAR 7 3 extracted, 5 still together

### Search

YEAR 5 · MOVE 1

AGGREGATE BECOMES EXTRACTION  
BOUNDARY.

Already consumed events. Already had its own projection. The boundary was already there — extraction was a deployment change, not a redesign. Same code, different transport.

### Tax

YEAR 6 · MOVE 2

READ MODEL BECOMES PUBLISHED  
PRODUCT.

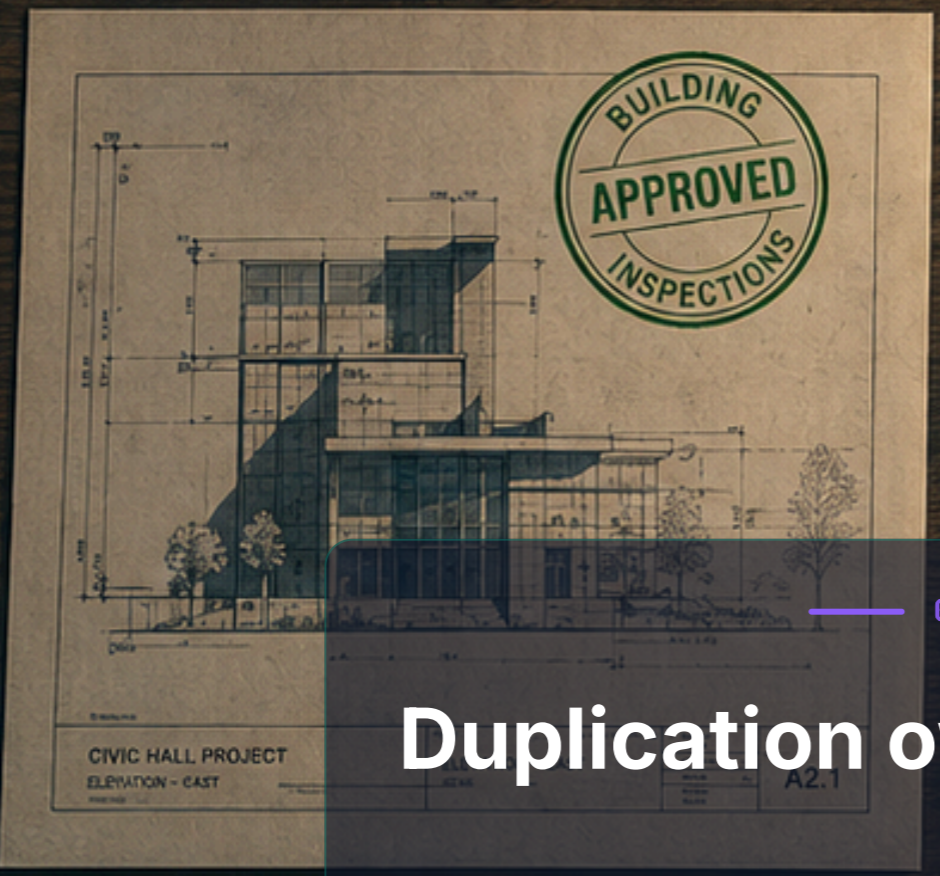
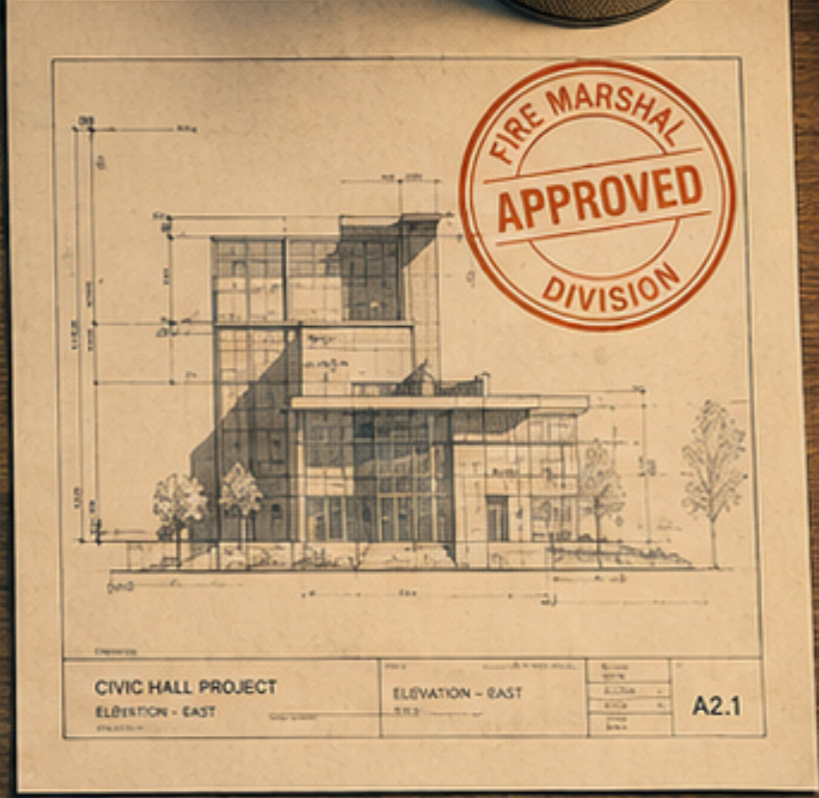
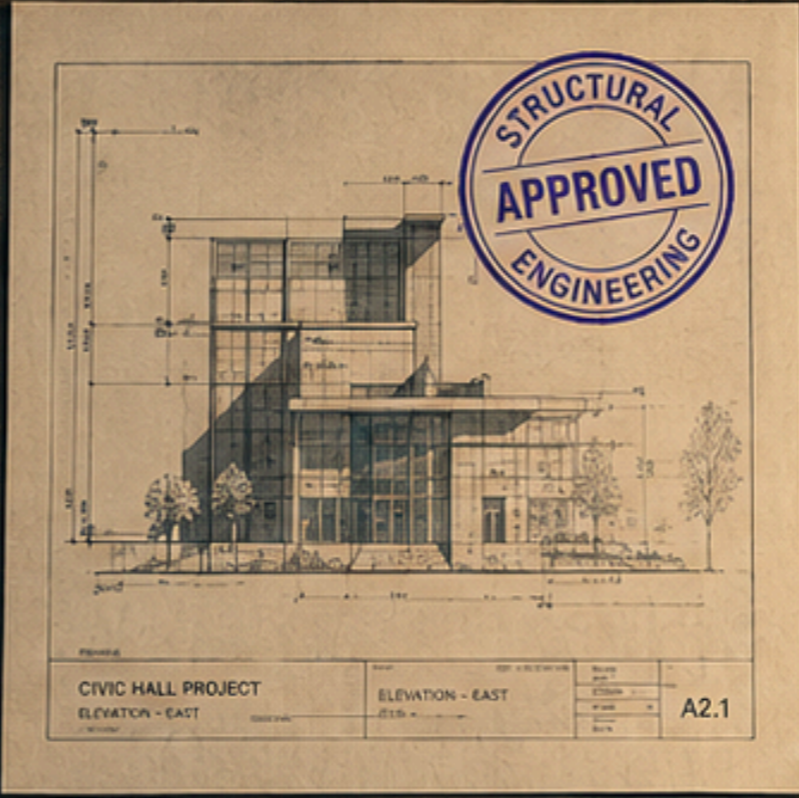
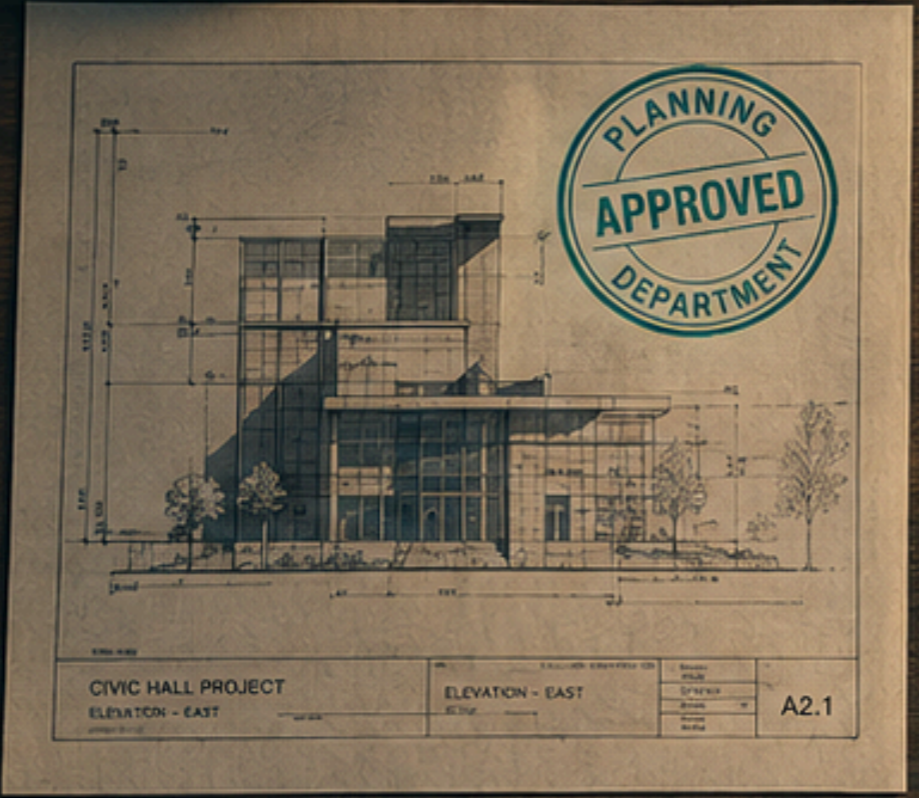
The Tax read model existed before extraction. After: a name, a version, an SLA, a deprecation window, consumers it didn't have before. Implicit contracts made explicit.

### Payments

YEAR 6-7 · MOVE 3

PROCESS MANAGER REPLACES  
TRANSACTION.

A five-table transaction became a saga with explicit compensation. Choreography for simple paths, orchestration for the multi-step ones. Never call a saga a transaction in front of a database person.



05 · DECOMPOSE ALONG SEAMS ·

Duplication owned by a contract is not debt.  
It's autonomy.



IN 2026

# The cost compounds.

**57%**

**AGENT TOOLS**

over-expose data through naively converted APIs.

**+322%**

**AI-ASSISTED CODE**

privilege-escalation paths. +153% design flaws.

**4x**

**COMMIT VOLUME**

more commits in fewer, larger PRs. Review attention didn't scale.

# Your Monday Morning Actions

**1**

## Encode ownership.

*Which team owns which aggregates? Write it down this week.*

**2**

## Publish contracts.

*Events and read models, versioned and owned.*

**3**

## Verify in CI.

*Fitness functions for boundaries, contracts, migrations.*

**4**

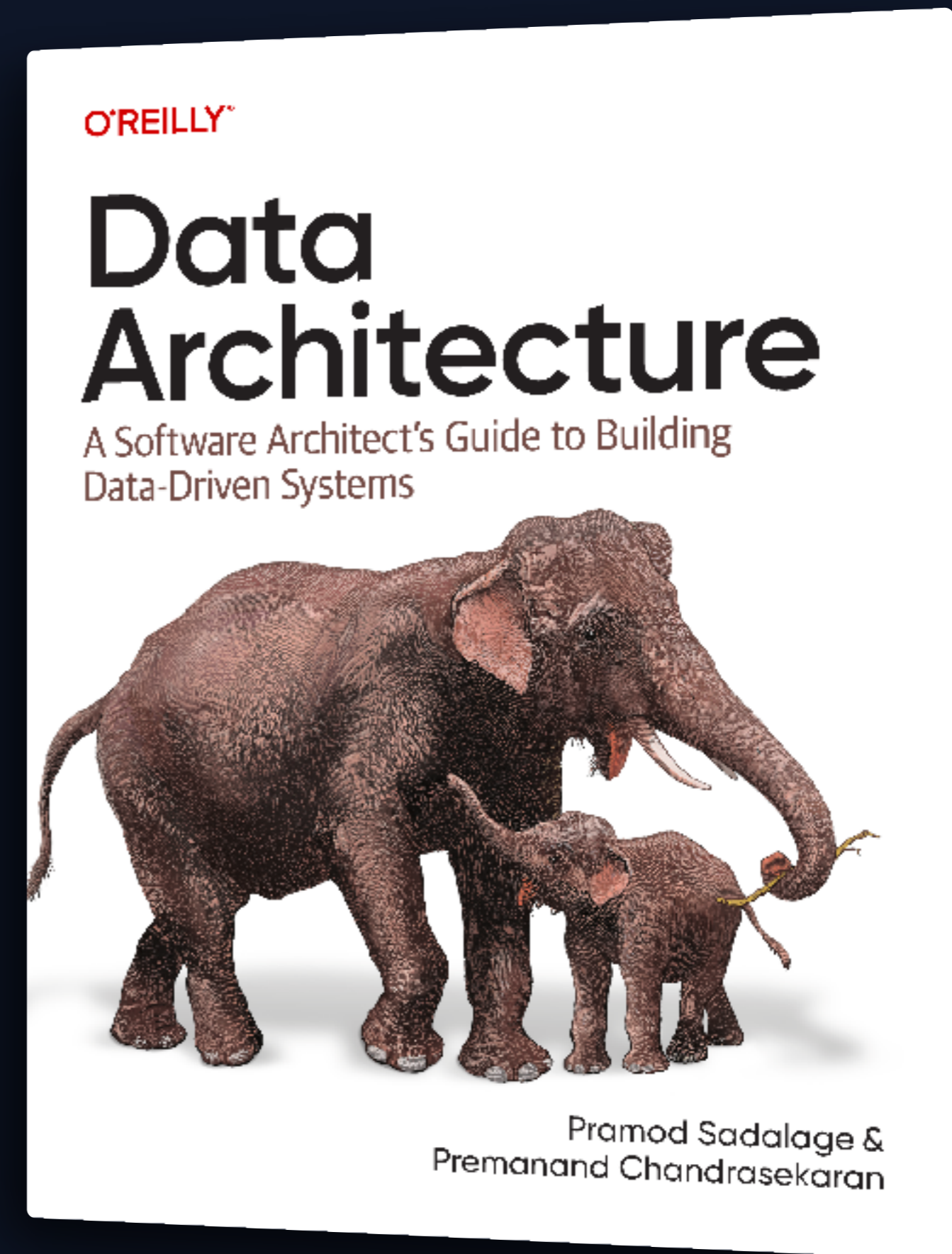
## Make migrations safe by design.

*Expand, then contract. Always.*

**5**

## Decompose along seams when lifecycle pulls.

*Not when traffic pulls. Not when fashion pulls.*



**Your monolith will stay modular longer.  
Your decompositions will be evolutionary, not traumatic.**

WHAT THAT LOOKED LIKE AT PENULTIMATE

**2/wk → 50/day**

DEPLOY FREQUENCY

**-68%**

ON-CALL ESCALATIONS

**~3 mo**

EXTRACTION → GA

**0**

EXTRACTION-RELATED OUTAGES

*Year 4 → Year 7. Same headcount. Same teams.*